

Beautiful.
To hear a man of Algerine notoriety, accuse a Democrat with being opposed to the right of the poor man's exercising the privilege guaranteed to him by the Constitution of his country, we think comes off of a very foul stomach. The Editor of the Chronicle has been busily engaged for a week past, in trumpeting forth the above charge against our distinguished candidate, Gen. McKay. The Editor should have reflected a little before heralding forth such a charge, and recollected that he (the Editor) belongs to, and hails from, that State which has refused, from the foundation of the Republic, to, we may say, the present day, the poor man the right of voting. Now don't this charge against General McKay come with a beautiful grace from such a source.

General Jackson in his fourth annual message warned the people against the danger of keeping persons in office for a long series of years.—*Chronicle.*
So he did. But we would ask the Chronicle how long the Banks and Rail Roads, are in the habit of keeping their officers, before they see fit to discharge them, and give a lifting hand to some other individual. Or, has it become a settled principle with such institutions, that no person can discharge the respective duties of the offices of these institutions, but Federalists, alias modern Whigs.

The people have yet to learn that Gen. McKay "looks with indifference upon the public interests."

Week before last, the Chronicle in grumbling about the Journal's calling Thos. D. Meares a Federalist, says:

We will hazard the opinion, however, that he is not a Federalist; nay, we are almost sure that he is not; nay again, we are sure, without the remotest shadow of doubt, that he is not. And this is why we are sure of it—that he was born some years after the Federal party ceased to exist.

Is it a fact, Mr. Chronicle, that your candidate "was born some years after the Federal party ceased to exist?" If so, we should like to know how old he is. Let us see, in 1831 or '32, we think '32 is the right date, the Federal party was baptized first, by James Watson Webb. He gave it the name of "Whig." This name was sanctioned, a short time afterwards, by the Federal State Convention at Syracuse, since which time, the Federalists have kept the name of "Whig," now and then dropping it in certain sections, for political effect. Well, the Federalists have been known by the name of "Whig," since 1832—take '32 from '45, and it leaves 13. So according to the Chronicle, Mr. Meares is only about 13 years old. Quite a youth, we think, to be anxious to get into the halls of Congress. But, Mr. Chronicle, "we are almost certain" that Mr. Meares is older than what you represent him to be. And more, we are almost certain, he is a Federalist.

QUERY:
Will the Chronicle be so good as to inform its readers how many versions "An Auditor" gave to Gen. McKay's language, at L. Williamson's, when T. D. Meares, the Federal candidate, brought up the charge of the General's being opposed to the poor man's voting? We should like to know, for its rather a difficult matter for a hot-headed Federal Whig to tell one story only.

Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road.
An adjourned meeting of this road was held on the 9th inst., in the city of Raleigh. 1567 shares were represented—not a majority of the whole number. The stockholders present, however, passed a resolution to the effect, that the resolution of the 15th March last, directing the President of the road to employ counsel to resist the foreclosure of the mortgage the State holds on that road, be rescinded—13 yeas, 6 nays.

FLORIDA.
The Hon. David Levy has resigned his place as representative in Congress from the new State of Florida, and accepted of the distinguished trust of U. S. Senator, conferred to him by the Democratic Legislature of said State. Several distinguished Democrats are spoken of to fill his place in the House of Representatives. Amongst them, the name of W. H. Brockenbrough, is most prominently urged.

It appears that the legality of Mr. Levy's resignation was considered doubtful, and Gov. Ashley called the attention of the Legislature to the subject, and advises it to renounce the evil, in the present, and all future elections. The Floridian says:—

"We are clearly of opinion that the House of Representatives could not have sustained an election. The Federal Constitution is the paramount law. Even the provisions of the State Constitution must be made to conform to it. The Federal Constitution declares, at the times, places, and manner of electing representatives, shall be prescribed by 'the Legislature' of each State. This was not done in respect to the election in May last. The Constitutional Convention was not 'the Legislature.'"

The twenty-four years of the fifty-three which have elapsed since the State was laid out into Congressional districts, the county of Johnston has furnished Representatives to Congress from the Wilmington district, a district containing ten counties, and never less than six. Bladen having thus had the honor of furnishing the Representative for nearly half of the whole time, why should it be continued to her?—*Chronicle.*

And would you have the people to draw national differences for so trifling a matter? What matter? It, Mr. Chronicle, is that Gen. McKay has "had the honor of furnishing the Representative" for so long a time. It redounds the more to her credit, and the people are not yet ready to deprive her

of her laurels, but are determined on returning the faithful representative to the next Congress. The way the fur will fly on the 7th of August, will be a sin to the Federal con party, of the 6th district.—We pity them, for they will be left naked to the scorching rays of a hot Southern summer's sun.

Consistent.
To hear a Federal editor prate about free suffrage, and at the same time uphold the conduct of the party in his native State, that would deprive himself from a vote, were he now a resident of said State.—Reader, don't you think it looks smart?

ANOTHER AWFUL FIRE IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.—Loss of Life.—One Fourth of the Commercial Portion of the City destroyed.

It pains us to record another sad calamity that befell the city of New York on last Saturday. The Evening Post of the 19th inst. brings this melancholy news.—The fire originated in the 4th story of a large brick store occupied as an oil store, in New street, about 3 o'clock in the morning, and raged with such fury that it was until half-past ten o'clock before it was got under the least control. The Post says: "But what renders this calamity particularly deplorable is not the vast loss of property it must occasion, but the apprehended loss of life. Soon after the fire caught this morning, it entered a store where a large amount of something had been accumulated, which burst with appalling violence and noise. The shock of the explosion was so great that it was felt as far up town as Murry street, and Col. Bankhead informs us that it shook the windows even at Governors Island."

"The explosion was heard very distinctly at the high lands, a distance of forty-five miles. How many lives are lost, it is impossible to tell." The concussion of air produced by the explosion, broke the windows in the houses, for a great distance around. In the Evening Post office, which is some quarter of a mile from the spot, the windows and frames were completely shattered. The wind blew high.

The Post says "the loss is great, certainly greater than that suffered by all the fires since 1835, but we are confident, far less than that by fearful calamity."

That our readers may form a better opinion of the extent of the fire than the foregoing estimate of buildings burnt, furnished the Evening Post, by an eye-witness of this awful conflagration:

Broad street, East side,	35
" " West side,	34
New street, East side,	20
" " West side,	27
Broadway, East side,	28
" " West side,	6
Whitehall street,	2
Beaver street,	48
Marketfield street,	16
Stone street, North side,	7
Exchange place, South side,	12
" " North side,	13
South Wm. street, West side,	18
" " East side,	2

There are a considerable number besides nearly ruined by water, and it was computed by one of the Post's reporters who had examined the whole district, that about 310 houses in all, were totally consumed. The loss is variously estimated at from \$2,000,000 to \$6,000,000. The Post thinks the latter sum is nearer the mark, which includes buildings and merchandise. The City Fire Insurance Company only lost \$60,000, which is not over ten per cent. on their capital. The Mayor was on the ground, and ordered out Military force to protect the property of the citizens.

The cause of the extent of the fire.—It is said that there were two explosions which occurred during the early stage of the fire, one of which was undoubtedly the explosion of the reservoir of gas in New street. The effects of this explosion are to be seen in several parts of the city. In the neighborhood of the fire wherever a gas pipe opens near a window, there the glass is in many instances broken by the shock. On the bursting of the reservoir the whole air was filled with a mass of living flame, which in a few instants attached itself in various places to the surrounding buildings, and from this circumstance, mainly, it was that the fire extended itself with so much rapidity.

Mr. Wise backing into the wrong door.

We extract the following amusing account of Mr. Wise's first visit to the Emperor of Brazil, from the Brooklyn Star. The Star says:

"We have received a letter from Rio, which gives the following sketch of the etiquette of the Court of Brazil:—
"Mr. Wise has been presented to the Imperial Court of Brazil, and is now duly installed as minister Plenipotentiary of the United States. One of the party gave us a few days since, a description of his reception by the Emperor and his Court. He was accompanied by Mr. Walsli, the Secretary of Legation, and one of our navy officers, all dressed in full uniform—swords, cocked hats, &c. They were driven to the palace in a splendid barouche and four; on arriving at the palace, they were bowed into an ante-room—soon after which they were conducted to the door of the reception room, where the Emperor and some of his principal officers were in waiting to receive them. On entering the room they stopped and made a low bow, then walked forward to about the centre of the room, stopped, and made another low bow; they then proceeded to near the foot of the throne, where they stopped and made another low bow. Mr. Wise then made a speech to the Emperor, a copy of which had been previously given to the Emperor's prime minister, in order that his Majesty, being too much of a heathen to understand English—might be duly informed of what was about to be said to him by the government of the United States, through its new representative."

him by the government of the United States, through its new representative.
At the close of the speech, Mr. Wise ascended the steps on the platform on which the throne was erected, and presented to his Imperial Majesty his credentials, &c. The Emperor then said "sta bono," (very good), and a few other words, expressing the great satisfaction, &c., which these friendly assurances on the United States had afforded him. Our Minister and his two attendants, after another low bow, at the foot of the throne, commenced their retreat. The room was from eighty to one hundred feet in length, and this distance was to be traversed backward, as it is wholly contrary to court etiquette to turn one's back to the Emperor. Fixing their eyes, therefore, upon the Emperor, and judging of the line of direction, by the lines of the carpet, they effected their retreat in very good order, to the centre of the room; here they stopped and made another low bow to the throne. They then re-commenced their retreat. Mr. Walsli, having often travelled that way before, was so fortunate as to hit the right door—but the Minister was less fortunate. Either there was a divergency in the line of the carpet, or a distortion of the visual rays, which like the rays of light on entering our atmosphere, became bent downward to the centre of attraction. So Mr. Wise, retreating upon a curval, instead of a right line, came near making his exit at the wrong door, whether into the apartments of the maids of honor, or into the kitchen, this deponent saith not.—After several beckonings from the Secretary, by a skilful tack he regained his proper position. After arriving at the door, all three again stopped and made another low bow, then backed themselves out of the room."

Peysonia and Fashion.—It is stated that these horses will run against each other, over the Long Island course, in October next.

Deafness.—The following recipe is said to be an effectual cure for deafness. We should like for it to be tried, and its effects reported for publication:
"Take a pint of pure clarified honey, put it into a strong glass bottle in the centre of a loaf of bread, first faking care to stop it tightly, and bake the whole in an oven. Pour a small quantity of the honey thus treated, into your ears, and protect them from the action of the external air, by the use of raw cotton."
"The remedy is a simple, cheap, and at all events, a harmless one, and is deserving of a fair trial."

Something worth knowing.—On Friday an interesting little boy between four and five years old—son of Mr. Saxton, of the firm of Saxton & Miles—drank an ounce and a half of spirits of turpentine, carelessly left within his reach. He immediately fell, his extremities became cold, his face livid, and he was apparently dead. The servant screamed and Mrs. Saxton ran in. Learning what had happened she instantly got a bottle of solid oil from another room, broke off the top by smashing it on the table and poured the contents down the child's throat. In ten minutes the contents of the stomach were thrown up and the child saved, although he suffered dreadfully all night. The presence of mind of this heroine mother well deserves the precious reward of the life of her little babe, which would in a quarter of an hour have been gone forever.

In all cases of poisoning let every body remember, that a liberal dose of oil (any kind) is the very best immediate remedy that can possibly be procured.—*N. Y. Trib.*

THE MARKETS.
CHARLESTON MARKET—July 19.
BACON, 5 1/2 a 10
COTTON—(Liv' pool class'n.) 6 a 6 1/2
Inferior and Ordinary, 6 1/2 a 7 1/2
Fair a fully fair, 7 1/2 a 7 3/4
GRAIN, Corn, 27 a 28
Oats, Maryland, 27 a 28
Virginia, 27 a 28
Peas, 79 a 80
LARD, 9 a 9 1/2
NAVAL STORES—
Tar, Wilmington, 1 25 a 1 50
Turpentine, soft, a
Rosin, a
Spirits Turpentine, 45 a 48
Varnish, 23 a 25
RICE—
Ordinary to fair, 3 00 a 3 12 1/2
Good and prime, 3 12 1/2 a 3 50
Cotton.—The receipts are on the increase, being during the week a little over 4200 bales, a large portion of which, however, is intended for re-shipment to Northern markets. The operations since our last reach 1620 bales.

Rice.—The Rice market has undergone no positive reduction during the week, but holders have occasionally yielded a trifle in order to negotiate sales. We would still refer to our quotations for a fair criterion of the state of the market. The receipts since our last foot up 533 bales, and purchasers in the same time have taken some 750 bales, at the following prices:—50 bales at 33; 18 at 3 5-16; 435 at 3 1/2; 174 at 3 7-16; and 60 bales at 3 3/4 per hundred.

Rough Rice.—We are again without any receipts of this article.
Grain.—We have had no arrivals of Corn during the week just closed, and our quotations for the present must be considered altogether nominal. No Oats or Peas have been received since our last, and we have in the absence of wholesale transaction to govern us, erased former quotations. No Hay has arrived during the week.

Bacon & Lard.—We have heard of no wholesale transactions since our last, but would refer to the quotations of both articles for their fair market value.

NEW YORK MARKET—July 19.
Cotton.—The market since our last has been quiet—holders, however, are firm, and we have no change to notice in prices—sales are for the week, 3858 bales.
Naval Stores.—Buyers of Turpentine are awaiting later advices, now due by the Boston steamer, meanwhile the market is dull and the stock accumulating. Spirits Turpentine is in better demand, with sales, in lots of 3 to 400 casks Southern, at 37c., cash, and 39.4 mos. The sales of Tar for export, noticed in our last, amounted to nearly 2500 bbls. selected, at \$2 18 1/2 a \$2 25 per bbl.—We notice further sales of 850 bbls. Newbern Rosin, at 53, and a small lot at 55 cents, cash.

Rice.—Although the demand is rather moderate, still holders are firm at previous rates. The transactions of the week embrace 350 tons, and 90 bbls., at \$3 56 1/2 for fair, to \$4 00 for some of the p. m. best in market, all cash. The stock is ample for the season.

RECEIVED by sch. E. S. POWELL, and for sale by BATTLE & COOKE, Agents.
10 Boxes Summer Candles,
10 Rigs Green Laguna Coffee,
12 Kegs Assorted Sizes Nails,
3 Boxes Aromatic Tobacco,
2 Cases Gentlemen's Calf sewed Boots,
12 Pair Ladies Slippers.

CANDIDATES.
CANDIDATES FOR CONGRESS.
Districts. Demo. Ticket. Federal Ticket.
1st. No opposition. Thos. L. Clingman,
2d. Charles Fisher, Dan'l M. Barringer,
3d. David S. Reid, A. B. McMillan,
4th. No opposition. Jonathan Worth,
Alfred Dockery,
5th. Jas. C. Dobbin, Jno. H. Haughton,
6th. Jas. J. McKay, Thos. D. Meares,
7th. J. R. J. Daniel, Dr. Rob't C. Bond,
8th. Henry S. Clark, Rich'd S. Donnell,
9th. Asa Biggs, David Outlaw.

SUPERIOR COURT CLERKSHIP.
I HEREBY announce myself as a candidate for the CLERKSHIP of SUPERIOR COURT, for the County of New Hanover. If elected, I will attend to the business personally. STEPHEN COSTIN.
July 25, 1845.—[45-1e]

To the Freeman and Voters OF NEW HANOVER COUNTY.
Gentlemen and Fellow-citizens:—

As the election of Superior Court Clerk is near at hand, and it is impossible for me to attend at all the muster grounds, on the regular days of muster, I adopt this method of announcing to you that I am a candidate for that office; and if elected, gentlemen, I pledge my word ever to be found ready to wait on any person who may have business with me, endeavoring at all times to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my skill and ability.

WM. T. J. YANN.
July 5th, 1845. 43-1e

We are authorized to announce Owen Alderman, Esq., as a candidate for re-election to the office of Superior Court Clerk.

COUNTY COURT CLERKSHIP.

We are authorized to announce L. H. Marsteller, as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Court Clerk.

DIED.
In Raleigh, on the 11th inst. Mrs. Frances S. Shepard, wife of James B. Shepard, Esq., and daughter of Judge Donnell, of Newbern.

Departed this life in Sampson county, on the 19th inst. Miss Eliza Faison, daughter of the late Solomon Faison, dec'd, and Mrs. Asher Faison, aged about 17 years.

Our community is thus called upon, amidst the recent triumph of the tomb, to weep over the grave of another victim, who has been cut off in the morning of her youth, the pride of a fond and doting mother, brothers, and sister.

Her amiable disposition, and mild and unaffected manners, had rendered her dear to those who had enjoyed the pleasure of her acquaintance, and it is the remembrance of those virtues, so lovely in the female character, that sheds a ray of comfort on those friends, who now, in the deep sympathy of the heart, mourn her untimely death, having the pleasing consolation to believe that she rests in the bosom of her God, and that, whilst the morning of her innocent and spotless life has been closed in death, her immortal and pure spirit has winged its way to eternal joy. She gave the clearest evidence, whilst her mental faculties were unclouded, that she was willing to die, and would soon be with her God; and I may quote for her mother, the language of Job,

"On, that my head were waters, and my eyes a fountain of tears, that I might weep day and night for the daughter of my people is slain."

Lo, at noon, 'tis sudden night,
Darkness covers all the day—
Rocks are rending at the sight—
People can you tell me why?
Behold the Saviour at the door,
He gently knocks, has knocked before,
Has waited long, is waiting still,
We treat no other friend so ill.

Communicated.
The Raleigh Standard is requested to copy.

MARINE LIST.
PORT OF WILMINGTON.
ARRIVED.
July 18—sch. Sarah & Martha, Gore, Shallotte; turpentine, to G W Davis.
20—sch. G Hatfield, Beaton, Beaufort, N C, to C D Ellis & Co.
21—brig Port Leon, Curtis, New York, to G W Davis.
sch. E S Powell, Murch, New York, to G W Davis.
sch. J D Jones, Cole, N York, to R W Brown.
25—sch. Sarah Frances, Douglass, Middleton, N C, corn, to Battle A Cooke.

DEPARTED.
July 19—sch. Alaric, Rodicks, New York, by C D Ellis & Co.
20—sch. Sarah & Martha, Gore, Shallotte, by G W Davis.

Cuba Coffee at Auction.
THIS day at 10 o'clock, in front of Messrs. Brown & DeRosset's office, will be sold without reserve,
60 - ags Cuba Coffee,
Sa's positive, to close a consignment.
Terms at sale. RANKIN & MARTIN, Auctioneers.
July 25, 1845. 45-1t

FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

DR. A. C. EVANS,
HAS RECEIVED, at the NEW DRUG STORE, in addition to a full and complete stock of genuine Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c. Stuffs, and a great variety of miscellaneous articles.

100 kegs White Lead, No. 1 to pure.
75 boxes Window Glass, 8x16 to 12x16,
50 lbs. Mercuro, 100 oz. Sulph. Quinine,
12 bbls Oil,
25 cans Verdigris and Chrome Green,
1000 lbs English and American Epsom Salts,
7 doz. Salad Oil,
12 gross bottled Soda, (a fine article),
6 doz. Trusses, including Chases, Ivory pad,
Hull's, Marsh's, &c., (all sizes)
Sulphate and Aet. Morphine, McMunn's Elixer of Opium, Iodine, Iodide of Potassa and Iron, Strychnia, Piperine, Henry's Magnesia, Husband's fluid Magnesia, Elixirum, Farr's Ext. Bark, Oils Cubeba and Copaiva, Granville's Lotions, Wos. Naphtha, Castor Oil Candy, (a good purgative for children), French Mustard, &c., with the following
PATENT MEDICINES:
Wistar's Balsam Wild Cherry, Swaine's Syrup of do., Taylor's Balsam Liverwort, Moffat's Phoenix Bitters, Jayne's Expecterant and Hair Tonic, Swain's Panacea, Farnestock's Vermifuge, Sand's Sarsaparilla, Indian Panacea, Cheesman's Balsam, Thompson's Eye Water, Gray's Ointment, Beckwith's, Peters's, Lee's, Leidy's, Moffat's and Brandreth's Pills, &c. &c.

A liberal supply of all articles in the line, will be constantly kept on hand, at a considerable reduction on customary prices.
Physicians and Merchants will find it to their interest to call before going further.
All articles warranted genuine or returned.
July 18th, 1845, 44

Daily Expected
In sch. Little John, from Plymouth.
50 BBLs. whole Herring,
7 do. do.
3 1/2 half bbls.
1100 W. O. barrel Staves,
1400 Shingles. For sale by
July 18, '45. BATTLE & COOKE.

THE subscriber hereby cautions all persons against giving credit to his wife PAULINE, who has separated herself from him without any justifiable cause, as he does not intend hereafter to be responsible for any contracts or purchases she may make. W. DESTRACT.
July 8, (11) 1845. 43-1t

BROWN & DEROSSET OFFER FOR SALE,

264 BBLs. N. O. clarified Molasses,
100 do. " sugar House do
75 HHDS. Cubabright retailing do
10 do. Porto Rico Sugar,
do. N. Orleans "
5 12 barrels Porto Rico
250 Bacs Coffee, Cuba, Rio and Lagaira,
8000 pounds N. C. Bacon, assorted,
50 HHDS. Western Sides, of prime quality,
50 bbls. Mess Pork,
do. Prime do
75 BBLs. " do
10 175 Kegs and Jars prime Butter,
150 BBLs. Superfine Flour,
15 half bbls. Canal Flour,
350 BUSHELS Maryland Oats,
15 bbls. American Gin,
120 Whiskey,
100 BBLs. Apple Brandy,
3 " San Lucar Wine,
1 BBL. Scuppernon do
20,000 Spanish Cigars—various brands,
50 CASKS fresh beat Rice,
40 bbls. refined Lard Oil,
do. refined Whale do
15 30 boxes Adamantine Candles,
20 half bbls. Scotch Snuff—in bladders,
35 boxes "
50 BOXES manufactured Tobacco—various kinds,
200 GRINDSTONES—assorted,
350 kegs Dupont's Powder—assorted,
16 BALES Rockfish 4-4 Shirting,
10,000 R. O. hhd. Staves—dressed.
July 11, 1845. 43-1t

Just Received at the OLD STAND DRUG STORE,
Corner of Front and Market-streets,

LOT of the best Swedish Leeches,
A 80 kegs superior White Lead.
Sands' Sarsaparilla and Pector Remedy,
Indian and Swain's Panacea and Cheesman's Balsam,
A fresh lot of Peters', Lee's, Leidy's and Moffat's Pills,
Dr. Swayne's Syrup Wild Cherry, &c.
The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of Dr. Gideon B. Smith's Whooping Cough Syrup, an excellent remedy for that disease. He has also obtained the general agency for the sale of Spencer's Vegetable Pills. The genuine article can only be had here, as there is no other Agent in this State. Country Merchants supplied at Manufacturers' prices. He is weekly receiving additions to his stock of Medicines, and has now as full and complete an assortment as can be found at any other house in the state, which will be sold to Physicians and Country Merchants at the lowest prices and on liberal credit.
Best Havannah Segars, at wholesale or retail,
July 11th, 1845. WM. SHAW.

NOTICE.
Offer for sale a valuable tract of Land, in Cumberland county, containing about 800 acres, immediately on the Cape Fear River, on the East side, 11 miles below Fayetteville, N. C. There is a good Mill stream running through the Land. On the premises, there is cleared land enough to make 200 barrels of corn, the largest part being River low lands; and the back woods is well timbered, sufficient to cut three tasks of turpentine boxes. For further particulars, apply to Maj John S. Gilmore, at Fayetteville, or to myself, at Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C.
July 11th, 1845. [43-61] H. SULLIVAN.

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE.
IN THE "ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY," of Hartford, Conn., and the "HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY," of New York, long established and approved Companies. BROWN & DEROSSET, Agents.
July 11, 1845. 43-1t

Notice.
LOST or mislaid, a small BLANK BOOK, containing an account of upwards of \$130; also a blank form of Matrimony. I will give \$5.00 for said book. It can be no benefit to any person but myself.
So, Washington,
N. Hanover co., July 11, 1845. [43-3t] D. HARRELL.

Valuable Plantation FOR SALE.
The subscriber offers for sale the valuable plantation on which he now resides. The plantation is situated on the west side of the N. E. river, about one mile below South Washington, and contains about 650 acres. It contains both Turpentine and Corn land. There is a good dwelling house, and all necessary out-houses on the place. This tract of land lies between the rail road and the river, and its farthest point is not more than two and a half miles from each.

JOHN C. REGISTER.
South Washington, New Han- }
over co., N. C., July 4, '45. } 43-2m

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW YORK.—This Institution, during the month of June, issued ninety new Policies, viz:
To Merchants and Traders 31
To Clerks 10
To Agents 4
To Brokers 3
To Manufacturers 2
To Bookkeepers and Publishers 2
To Iron Masters 2
To Dentist 1
To Teacher 1
To Grocers 2
Lives Insured 90

Condition of this Office on the 1st of February, and at this date.

Date, No. of Policies Issued, Gr. Rec'd. Loss & Ex. Am't. In. Jan. 31st \$1056 \$124,687 \$27,414 \$97,272 Jan. 30th 1813 191,997 38,215 163,692 In. since 1st Feb. \$427 \$67,220 \$10,901 \$56,319

M. ROBINSON, President.
SARIEL HARRAT, Sec'y.
The undersigned, agent for the above Company in this town, will receive and transmit applications.
JOHN S. RICHARDS.
July 18, 1845.

BLANK WARRANTS—for sale at the JOURNAL OFFICE.

A CARD.
A MRS. COOKE intends remaining in Wilmington, she would respectfully inform her friends and the citizens, that she will continue to give instructions in Music through the summer, at her residence on Fourth-street. July 11-43-3t

Washington Temperance SOCIETY.

AN AMENDMENT to the Constitution of this society having been offered, so as to make the Pledge read different, and such amendment having been approved, Notice is hereby given to the members of said society, that the same will be acted on at the regular meeting of the society to be held at the Masonic Hall, on Friday, the 25th July, at 8 o'clock, p. m., when and where all who are interested may attend if they think proper, and make such objections as they may think fit.
From the minutes.
S. A. BALDWIN, Sec'y,
July 11, 1845. [43-3t]

WILMINGTON MARKET.

WHOLESALE PRICES.—July 24, 1845.
Bacon—Hams, 7 1/2 a 8
Middlings, 7 1/2 a 8
Shoulders, 7 a 7 1/2
Western, 6 a 7 1/2
BEEF, 16 a 18
Butter, 6 00 a 8 00
BEEF, bbl. mess, 4 50 a 6 50
prime, 5 00 a 6 50
CORN, 50 a 55
Meal, 70 a 75
COFFEE, 8 a 9
COTTON, 5 a 6 1/2
CANDLES, tallow, 10 a 12
sperm, 20 a 25
FEATHERS, 30 a 35
FLOUR, 5 00 a 6 00
HAY, Northern, per 100 lbs 4 75 a 5 50
IRON, 8 1/2 a 9
LARD, 6 a 7
Western, 6 a 7
LIME, Thomastown, 1 00 a 1 12
LUMBER—Steam mill, 12 00 a 13 00
W. boards, plank & scant. 15 00 a 16 00
Quarter flooring, 15 00 a 16 00
Bil lumber extra prices.
River, Flooring boards, 14 00
wide, do. 7 00
Scantling, 6 00 a 7 00
Timber, 6 00 a 7 75
MOLASSES, 28 a 31
MACKEREL, No 1 retail, 14 a 00
2, 12 a 00
3, 6 a 7 00
NAILS, 5 a 5 1/2
NAVAL STORES, soft, Turp. 2 00 a 2 45
Virgin dip, 0 a 2 70
Bard, 1 15 a 1 20
Tar, 1 50 a 1 60
Pitch, 1 50 a 1 60
Rosin No. 1, 1 50 a 1 60
" 2, 90 a 1 00
" 3, 35 a 40
Sp. Turp. 35 a 45
OIL, Sperm, 90 a 95
PEASE, Ground, 55 a 60
Black eye, 50 a 55
Cow, 14 00 a 15 00
PORK, fresh, 4 1/2 a 5
RICE, 3 50 a 3 75
rough, ush 70
SALT, Turks Island, bushel 22 a 00
Liverpool, sack, 1 12
SOAP, 4 a 6
SHINGLES, country, 2 00 a 2 25
3 50 a 4 00
SPIRITS, Northern Rum, 30 a 32
Gin, 30 a 35
Whiskey, 25 a 27
STEEL, 12 1/2 a 25
STAVES, W. O. Hhd. rough, 12 00 a 15 00
dressed, 20 00
R. O. Hhd. rough, 8 00 a 10 00
dressed, 9 00 a 10 00
SUGAR, West India, 7 1/2 a 7 1/2
New Orleans, 6 a 6
loaf, 10 a 15
TALLOW, 6 1/2 a 7 1/2
TOBACCO, leaf, none a 40
VARNISH, 20 a 22
WINE, Madeira, 70 a 80
Port, 20 a 25
Malaga, 40 a 50

WILMINGTON MARKET—July 24.
NAVAL STORES—Arrivals small, and the demand active. Last sales reported at, Yellow, \$2 45, Virgin, \$2 70, Hard, \$1 15 a \$1 20. An extra lot sold at \$1 25, a few days ago. Tar, \$1 50.

LUMBER.—Six rafts have arrived within the past 7 days, and been disposed of at from \$5 50 to \$7 50. One extra quality brought \$8 25. Nothing else worth noticing. See table above for a fair criterion for prices.

CORN.—An arrival of 2,000 bushels was disposed of a day or two ago at 44 cents. The article is in demand, and retails from store at 75 cts.

RATES OF FREIGHT HENCE TO NEW YORK.
Naval Stores, 30 a 35 cts. per barrel,
Rice, 12 1/2 cts. per hundred
Cotton, \$1 per bale.
Cotton goods and yarns, 50 cts. pr. bale.
Tobacco, \$2 50 per hoghead.
Lumber, \$6 a \$6 50 per m.